## **Pupil premium strategy statement**

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

#### **School overview**

Detail	Data
School name	Cavendish Primary School
Number of pupils in school	455
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	45%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended)	3 years
Date this statement was published	June 2023
Date on which it will be reviewed	Review each year
Statement authorised by	Noreen Dunn
Pupil premium lead	Jonathan Nixon
Governor / Trustee lead	Angela Robinson

#### **Funding overview**

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£ 269,000
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£ 29,435
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£0
Total budget for this academic year  If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year	£ 298,435

#### Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

#### Statement of intent

Pupil premium money supports a whole range of interventions specifically targeted at the children eligible for pupil premium funding in our school.

Key principles of using our pupil premium funding are;

- addressing individual need
- addressing equality of opportunity where there are specific difficulties
- providing strong academic support

Although we target our pupil premium funding at eligible pupils we also use the funding to target other pupils with identified needs who may not be eligible for free school meals.

#### **Challenges**

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Poor punctuality / Low attendance – Amongst our disadvantaged pupils some have poor attendance and are classed as persistently absent. Some pupils are regularly late.
2	Lack of opportunities for children to read and develop early reading, including phonics leading to children unable to read and access texts.
3	Children enter school with poor oral language skills and vocabulary that is below what is expected for their age.
4	Challenges in home lives make it difficult for carers and parents to support children in their learning at home for example many pupils with experiencing significant safeguarding concerns including domestic abuse.
5	Emotional and social issues that impact on relationships in school
6	Some children have low aspirations and expectations
7	Some homes have a lack of family resources which mean children do not have access to a range of basic household essentials including food
8	Covid-19 has led to children missing key knowledge and skills leading to gaps in learning

#### Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for by the end of our current strategy plan, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
Attendance of pupil premium children improves.	Systems to challenge attendance are in place including local authority support.
	Gap between non-pp and pp decrease termly and attendance for all children reaches national averages for each term as indicated on FFT attendance dashboard.
Punctuality of pupil premium children improve	Late marks decrease monthly
Children in receipt of pupil premium achieve inline with their non-pupil premium peers nationally in their Year 1 phonics check	80% of pupil premium children achieve phonics standard (2018/2019 national non-PP).
In school variation between attainment of PP	QFT shows adaptation to meet needs of children
children and non-PP children reduces through school and children in receipt of PP funding achieve inline as their non-PP peers by the end of Year 6.	Same day interventions delivered to address misconceptions. Increase in % of children achieving ARE.
	No in school variation
Children in the lowest attaining 20% for reading (nationally) are receiving intervention throughout	Lowest 20% in reading each year group identified
school.	Interventions in place – tracking shows increase % of children at ARE
	Increasing % of children achieve ARE across school
Children have the resources they need to be successful in school.	Children are not disadvantaged by not having resources needed ie uniform, educational visits, residential.
Children receive support needed in school to be ready to learn	Vulnerable children identified
	Children receive support from pastoral team
	Support is evaluated on SEMH plan or provision map as appropriate
All children who missed opportunity to learn to swim in Year 5 attend swimming lessons in yr 6	All children in Yr 5 and 6 attend swimming lessons.
Any gaps in children's knowledge are identified and teaching and learning address these gaps, so children have key knowledge to enable them to	Children have required knowledge to move on with learning and access next steps in curriculum
move on.	QFT shows adaptation to meet needs of children
	Same day interventions delivered to address misconceptions

#### Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

#### **Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)**

Budgeted cost: £ 32,100

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Development of effective formative assessment to identify prior knowledge and understanding of different pupil needs by;	Diagnostic Assessment - EEF	8
<ul> <li>Introduction of bespoke assessment package linked to our curriculum.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Purchase of diagnostic assessment materials in maths.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Training for all staff on adapting lessons whilst maintain high expectations for all.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Development of pre-teaching if pupils lack critical knowledge due to covid-19</li> </ul>		
Development of EY/KS1 home reading	The Reading Framework. July 2021 (DFE)	2, 3
<ul> <li>Home reading books upgraded to high quality books which are consistent with pupils' developing phonic knowledge.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Rewards and incentives to encourage reading at home and school.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Early reading information session held for parents. Handbooks given to all families to support reading at home.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Home access to e-books gives all pupils the opportunity to revisit books and to read for pleasure.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>High quality, non-fiction texts included in LTPs, class book lists and home reading books give children the opportunity to read more widely.</li> </ul>		
Focus on acquisition of early reading and specific phonics teaching.	The Reading Framework. July 2021 (DFE)	2
<ul> <li>All pupils who are not meeting ARE or making expected progress in phonics receive daily 1:1 phonics intervention.</li> </ul>	COVID-19 series: briefing on early years, November 2020	

3 x consultant sessions per year support the Reading Leader to monitor the delivery of phonics and coach all staff to be effective teachers of reading.		
<ul> <li>KS2 pupils with gaps in phonic knowledge receive daily phonics intervention where appropriate.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>The development of pupils' decoding skills is supported by access to accurately matched reading books (see above section).</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Regular assessment carried out by the Reading Leader ensures pupils move on rapidly and those needing extra support are identified early.</li> </ul>		
Relaunching of Library so all children have access to high quality texts that interest them	The Reading Framework. July 2021 (DFE)	2
<ul> <li>Restocking of library to ensure range of books</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Every class has timetabled slot</li> </ul>		

# Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £ 153,417.50

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Employment of additional classroom-based staff to ensure that children receive additionality in the form of;	EEF – Making best use of teaching assistants	2,3,5,8
Draginian topphing	EEF - individualised instruction	
<ul><li>Precision teaching</li><li>Same day interventions based on ongoing assessments</li></ul>	EEF – Teaching assistant interventions	
<ul> <li>Teaching assistants assist teacher in responding to pupils needs in real time.</li> </ul>	COVID-19 series: briefing on early years, November 2020	
Small group tuition through using school-based tutoring intervention (25% school top up)	School-led tutoring guidance (publishing.service.gov.uk)	2,3,5,8
	EEF toolkit	
All children attend swimming lessons in Year 5 and Year 6	NC entitlement	8

### Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £ 112,917.50

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
All nursery children eligible for EY PP receive at least one additional nursery session.		2
Local authority's attendance team working with school providing both support and challenge to families	EEF Toolkit – Attendance interventions	1
All families who are below 90% attendance without an authorised reason are issued with penalty notices.	COVID-19 series: briefing on schools, November 2020	
Late gate to challenge punctuality		
Home visits to any PA child when there is not a valid reason.		
Deployment of Pastoral team in school to ensure that children's basic needs are met, and children are ready to learn.	EEF – Teaching and Learning toolkit – Behaviour Interventions	4, 5
	EEF – Teaching and Learning toolkit – Mentoring	
Funding for school uniform, food and resources so that no children is disadvantaged in school.	EEF – Teaching and Learning toolkit – School Uniform	4, 5, 7
School uniform funding	COVID-19 series: briefing on early years, November 2020 – wider impact on safeguarding	
Fareshare funding	and family welfare/disadvantage	
Emergency food fund	COVID-19 series: briefing on schools, November 2020	
Enrichment activities provided to children ie trips, event days in school and residential for Yr 6 children.	COVID-19 series: briefing on schools, November 2020 - Extra-curricular provision and enrichment	4, 5, 7
Provision of after school clubs after school offering a range of enrichment activities.		
SEMH training delivered by LA consultant on de- escalation and STAR analysis to ensure that all children can access learning.	COVID-19 series: briefing on schools, November 2020 - Extra-curricular provision and enrichment	4, 5
	EEF – Teaching and Learning toolkit – Behaviour Interventions	

Total budgeted cost: £ 298,435

# Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

# **Pupil premium strategy outcomes**

Intended outcome	Intended Success criteria (end of June 2024)	Outcome to date June 2023
Attendance of pupil premium children improves.	Systems to challenge attendance are in place including local authority support.  Gap between non-pp and pp decrease termly and attendance for all children reaches national averages for each term as indicated on FFT attendance dashboard.	Attendance system in place following updated 'Working together to improve attendance'. New policy written to reflect this with clear process flow charts in place. Attendance has a high priority across the school.  In 2022/2023 70 PPG children were part of an attendance challenge with local authority. 11 of the children failed the attendance challenge and were issued with penalty notices.  Despite this gap between schools PPG and non PPG attendance is 3.8%.
Punctuality of pupil premium children improve	Late marks decrease monthly	Systems in place; late gate/clear communication.
Children in receipt of pupil premium achieve inline with their non-pupil premium peers nationally in their Year 1 phonics check	80% of pupil premium children achieve phonics standard (2018/2019 national non-PP).	3-year plan – children tracked, actions put in place for any pupil who isn't making expected progress.  In year variation still exists in the year 1 phonics screening outcomes - 71% for PPG eligible children and 83% for non-PPG eligible children.
In school variation between attainment of PP children and non-PP children reduces through school and children in receipt of PP funding achieve inline as their non-PP peers by the end of Year 6.	QFT shows adaptation to meet needs of children  Same day interventions delivered to address misconceptions. Increase in % of children achieving ARE.  No in school variation	Variation at KS1 between PPG; for example 47% PPG eligible achieve R/W/M combined compared to 64% non PPG eligible. There is no gap in Maths, 10% gap in Reading and 17% gap in Writing.  In KS2, PPG eligible children achieve in line with their non PPG eligible peers in R/W/M

Children in the lowest attaining 20% for reading (nationally) are receiving intervention throughout school.	Lowest 20% in reading each year group identified  Interventions in place – tracking shows increase % of children at ARE  Increasing % of children achieve ARE across school	Lowest 20% identified in every year group.  Interventions in place for all children who are in bottom 20% for reading.
Children have the resources they need to be successful in school.	Children are not disadvantaged by not having resources needed ie uniform, educational visits, residential.	All PPG children have uniform provided. All children have sports kit provided.  Residential funded for all pupils
Children receive support needed in school to be ready to learn	Vulnerable children identified  Children receive support from pastoral team  Support is evaluated on SEMH plan or provision map as appropriate	Pastoral team is supporting several children who are PPG across school.  Children have SEMH plans and risk assessments where appropriate.  Provision map identifies key children who need support with learning.
Any gaps in children's knowledge are identified and teaching and learning address these gaps, so children have key knowledge to enable them to move on.	Children have required knowledge to move on with learning and access next steps in curriculum  QFT shows adaptation to meet needs of children  Same day interventions delivered to address misconceptions	Regular use of low stake quizzes in place.  Priority 1 of our school improvement plan for 2022/2023 is meeting the learning needs of all pupils.

## **Externally provided programmes**

Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you purchased in the previous academic year. This will help the Department for Education identify which ones are popular in England

Programme	Provider

# **Further information (optional)**

Use this space to provide any further information about your pupil premium strategy. For example, about your strategy planning, or other activity that you are implementing to support disadvantaged pupils, that is not dependent on pupil premium or recovery premium funding.